





# Cloud and water vapour products as derived at DWD using the SAFNWC/MSG software package

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### Outline

- Quality assessment of CM-SAF cloud data sets as derived using the SAFNWC/MSG software package
  - Introduction
  - Product overview
  - Validation results for cloud cover
  - Validation results for cloud top height
- Use of the PGE13 SEVIRI Physical Retrieval (SPhR) within the WACMOS Project
- Summary and Outlook
- User Requirements



### CM-SAF

- The Satellite Application Facility on Climate Monitoring (CM-SAF) aims at providing satellite-derived geophysical parameter data sets suitable for climate monitoring.
- The product portfolio encompasses:
  - cloud parameters
  - surface albedo
  - radiation fluxes at the top of the atmosphere and at the surface
  - atmospheric humidity products
- Both SAFNWC-MSG and PPS Software Package is used to operationally derive cloud products





### **CMSAF Cloud Products and Regions**

#### **Products**

#### **Cloud Macrophysical Properties**

Cloud Fractional Coverage Cloud Type Cloud Top Properties

#### Temporal & spatial resolution

Daily and monthly means (15 km) for polar and geostationary data (+ diurnal cycle for the latter)

#### **Cloud Microphysical Properties**

Cloud Optical Thickness Cloud Water Path Cloud Phase

#### Area coverage / satellites:

European/North Atlantic area (Meteosat, METOP/NOAA) Meteosat full disk (Meteosat) Inner Arctic Area (METOP/NOAA)





1004720

62 %

60 %



### Validation results for cloud cover

#### Data

- 4 months of 2007: Jan, Apr, Jul, Oct
- MSG slot hh45 (3x3 Pixel)
- Synoptic observations at full hours



**Statistics** 

Mean SEVIRI

Mean Synop

No of match-ups



SEVIRI - SYNOP / JAN 2007

#### **CFC validation results: Tropics**

#### -10 -5 -15 30 **Statistics** bias of cloud coverage in % cloud amount 20 No of match-ups 58590 10 (27 %) Mean SEVIRI 47 % 0 58 % (71 %) Mean Synop -10 -11 % (-44 %) Bias -20 (42 %) Stddev 41 % -30 -40-15 -10-5 50 1.0 **SYNOP** 40 0.8 **SEVIRI** mean cloud cover 30 0.6 20 0.4 10 0.2 0 0.0

00:00 04:00 08:00 12:00 16:00 20:00 00:0):00 00:000

number of synop observations













## Cross section plots of matched reflectivity from Cloudsat and Cloud top height estimates from SEVIRI









# Cross section plots of matched reflectivity from Cloudsat and Cloud top height estimates from SEVIRI and Calipso



#### Comparisons vs. Cloudsat/Calipso (Jan 09)



102055	Count	114656
6955 m	Mean SEVIRI	6642 m
7230 m	Mean CPR/Caliop	8358 m
-275 m	Bias	-1716 m



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### **Regional Plots for Jan 2009**



#### SEVIRI – CloudSat/CPR SEVIRI – Calipso/Caliop





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### The WACMOS Project

- Water Cycle Multi-Mission Observation Strategy
- Funded by ESA as a Support to Science element (STSE) and an ESA contribution to the GEWEX.
- Topics: Evapotranspiration, Soil Moisture, Clouds and Water Vapour
- Motivation: WACMOS is motivated by the increasing potential of synergic capabilities and the increasing needs for coherent long-term geo-information datasets.
- Goal: Develop and validate a Product Portfolio of water multimission based enhanced datasets maximising the use of ESA data.





#### www.wacmos.org





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### **DWD's contribution to WACMOS**

 Develop and validate two water vapour products by combining SEVIRI + IASI and SEVIRI + MERIS, respectively.

SEVIRI + IASI	Product:	tropospheric WV profiles for at least 3 vertical layers	
	Region:	Full MSG disc (0.25°) <sup>2</sup> grid	SEVIRI + MERIS
	Time:	01.06.2008 – 31.05.2009 3-hourly resolution	
SEVIRI + MERIS	Product:	total column water vapour	38.
	Region:	Central Europe (0.025°) <sup>2</sup> grid	
	Time:	01.06.2008 – 30.11.2008 3-hourly resolution	SEVIRI + IASI



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# Flowchart illustrating data and processing steps



#### More details given in the presentation by Miguel A. Martinez (AEMET)

26-28 April 2010





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### **CM-SAF Summary and Outlook**

- currently, in the processing SAF NWC MSG and SAF NWC PPS is used
- the validations with independent instruments and data sets demonstrate that quality and stability of the CM-SAF cloud products is compliant with scientific requirements
- Cloud datasets derived in near real time are usable for diurnal to seasonal monitoring and process studies.
- In CDOP 2, CM-SAF will focus on the generation of data sets based on carefully intercalibrated radiance data which can be used for climate variability analysis up to inter-annual scale.
- Cloud climate data records:
  - •Meteosat Second Generation SEVIRI data sets 2004-2011
  - global historic NOAA AVHRR data sets 1982-2010





### **CM-SAF requirements**

**"Climate Version"** of SAF-NWC MSG and PPS is needed" (PPS with the GAC interface, this has been achieved in CDOP I)

- full possibility to apply (own) inter-calibration and homogenisation to radiances and BT before product processing.
- possibility to apply SAF NWC MSG to all GEO's
- IR-only cloud detection possibility is needed to avoid day/night inconsistencies
- netcdf convention is preferred



### WACMOS Summary

- DWD currently uses the PGE13 SEVIRI Physical Retrieval (SPhR) within ESA's WACMOS project.
- The PGE 13 SPhR extension allowing to save the error of the clearsky pixels is also necessary for our work.
- A usage of the PGE13 in other projects, like e.g. the SEVIRI reprocessing is intended.

#### Comments

- The retrieval for the whole MSG disk is pretty time consuming. Reduction possible ?
- We recommend to include a flag allowing the error output in the future MSG software releases.

Thanks to the NWC SAF team, especially *Miguel A. Martinez* (AEMET), and *Jun Li* (CIMSS UW Madison) for their great support !!





# Thank you !

#### To obtain CM-SAF data & more information: http://www.cmsaf.eu

More information on the WACMOS project can be found on http://www.wacmos.org









#### **Cloud Fractional Coverage SEVIRI vs. SYNOP**

